

Farmington Bay of Great Salt Lake – Jordan River Water Sharing Partnership

About the Partners:



The [Utah Division of Wildlife Resources](#) (DWR) is responsible for protecting, propagating, managing, conserving, and distributing protected wildlife throughout Utah. DWR manages eight Waterfowl Management Areas (WMA's) that are directly adjacent to, or part of Great Salt Lake wetlands, which provide habitat for shorebirds, waterfowl and other waterbirds, as well as opportunities for birding, hunting and other recreation activities. DWR's Great Salt Lake Ecosystem Program (GSLEP) serves to manage and conserve the avian and aquatic communities of the Lake through monitoring and research. DWR is a proud steward of Great Salt Lake and its associated wetlands, which it aims to preserve and protect for generations to come.

The RioTinto logo consists of the word "RioTinto" in white, sans-serif font, set against a solid red rectangular background.

Kennecott

[Rio Tinto Kennecott](#) is a world-class, integrated copper mining operation that has been mining and processing minerals from the rich ore body of the Bingham Canyon Mine since 1903. The metals and minerals Rio Tinto Kennecott produces are essential for modern life. As part of its commitment to a more sustainable future, Rio Tinto Kennecott decided in 2019 to permanently shut its coal power plant and purchase renewable energy certificates, reducing the annual carbon footprint associated with its operation by as much as 65 per cent. In 2020, Rio Tinto Kennecott also became the first producer to be awarded the Copper Mark, the copper industry's new independently assessed responsible production program, demonstrating it meets over 30 criteria for responsible environmental, social and governance practices.



[Central Utah Water Conservancy District](#) was created over sixty years ago to operate and maintain the Bonneville Unit of the Central Utah project, which developed a portion of Utah's allocation of the Colorado River. Since that time, the district has used that water for the benefit of the residents of the eight counties that it serves. The District works with large water users to develop ways to use water more efficiently and host the public at activities promoting conservation. The District operates three water treatment facilities, two hydroelectric plants and eight reservoirs and administer the sale of water to customers in eight counties. Central Utah Water is proud of its role in managing the water in its jurisdiction and using technology, intelligence and hard work to ensure the best possible balance for man and nature. The District is proud of its environmental commitment and is pleased to have played an important role in this project. We congratulate all those who have made this project a reality.



National Audubon Society has worked in Utah for decades and its mission is to protect birds and the places they need to thrive today and tomorrow.

[Audubon's Saline Lakes Program](#), established in 2017, is part of Audubon's Western Water initiative focused on advancing balanced solutions to water use in the West for the benefit of birds and people. Sound science is foundational to our work and underpins our efforts for collaborative policy solutions to increase flexible and voluntary means to share water among users. Conserving Great Salt Lake and its wetlands is a key priority for the Saline Lakes Program. This includes the Gillmor Sanctuary on the shores of Great Salt Lake that has provided crucial shorebird habitat for more than a quarter century.



Protecting nature. Preserving life.

The mission of The Nature Conservancy is to conserve the land and water on which all life depends. [The Nature Conservancy in Utah](#) has worked towards this mission for over 40 years. Using science and collaboration

to craft innovative strategies to meet Nature's greatest challenges, we envision a world where both Nature and people thrive.



The [Utah Reclamation Mitigation and Conservation Commission](#) is an Executive branch agency of the federal government. The Commission was authorized under the [Central Utah Project Completion Act of 1992](#). The Mitigation Commission is responsible for designing, funding, and implementing projects to offset the impacts to fish, wildlife and related recreation resources caused by CUP and other federal reclamation projects in Utah. The Commission administers habitat and water rights resources along the shores of Great Salt Lake and the Jordan River.